

WED | April 20 | 2022

Academic Conference Centre, Institute of Philosophy, Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague

Address: Husova 4a, 110 00 Praha 1

Program

10:00-10:50 Ian Buchanan: Deleuze and Guattari's Differential Method

10:50-11:00 coffee break

11:00-11:50 Michaela Fišerová: Going Viral: Affective Haecceities on Social Networks

11:50-12:00 coffee break

12:00-12:50 Petr Prášek: Deleuze, Phenomenology, and the Indispensability of the Ethics of the Event

12:50-14:00 lunch break

14:00-14:50 Janae Sholtz: Interrogating the Cartographies of New Materialist Feminism: The Linguistic Turn, the Posthuman and the Transcontinental Divide

14:50-15:00 coffee break

15:00-15:50 Anthony Faramelli: Institutional Cartographies: Analyzing the Social After Guattari and CERFI



Abstracts

Ian Buchanan: Deleuze and Guattari's Differential Method

In the opening pages of *Anti-Oedipus*, we are told that the desiring-machine, the forerunner to the assemblage, does two things: it sets flows in motion, and it disrupts flows. "For every organ-machine, an energy-machine: all the time, flows and interruptions." Despite its prominence, this key aspect of Deleuze and Guattari's conception of the assemblage has largely been overlooked or ignored by assemblage theory as it has developed over the last two decades. Yet in the absence of a notion of flow, it is difficult to grasp what Deleuze and Guattari mean by saying desire is productive. This, in turn, makes it difficult to grasp what they mean when they say there is no desire but assembling, assembled, desire". Isolated from its fundamental relation to flow, it is easy to see how the concept of the assemblage has come to be understood as the 'assembling' of some kind of self-contained entity, when in fact it should be understood as an apparatus of capture and extraction engineered to engage with a specific type of flow. Factoring flow into how we think with and use the concept of the assemblage gives it an analytic dimension it otherwise lacks because it requires the application of what Deleuze and Guattari refer to as a "differential method".

Michaela Fišerová: Going Viral: Affective Haecceities on Social Networks

How can an authoritarian state control internet by making internet users misuse internet? To answer this question, I propose to revise Deleuze and Guattari's concepts of the smooth space and the striated space in relation to contemporary public space accessible online. In my reading of A Thousand Plateaus, I will focus on dangers of the smooth collapsing of into the striated, especially on the threat of fascist war machine driven by common desire of masses. By examining the case of Russian troll farms spreading disinformation and fake news, I will explain the participatory role of virtual communities, understood as affectively united haecceities. Paradoxically, by making fake news go viral, affective haecceities help to turn the "smooth" interconnectivity of social networks into promotion of the "striated" authority of state interests.

Petr Prášek: Deleuze, Phenomenology, and the Indispensability of the Ethics of the Event

As is well known, Deleuze reproaches Husserl, Heidegger, Merleau-Ponty, and other classical phenomenologists for having burdened their descriptions of experience with structures derived from the empirical (in which the world is differentiated into objects of consciousness). His transcendental empiricism, by contrast, investigates the very genesis of the empirical within the immediate flow of an asubjective transcendental field. However, both Deleuze in his texts and Deleuzian literature dealing with his relationship with phenomenology almost completely ignore contemporary French phenomenology focusing, similarly to Deleuze, on the eventful dimension of appearing (événementialité d'apparaître). The article examines the intersections between contemporary phenomenology in France (Maldiney, Richir, Marion, Barbaras, Romano) and Deleuze's metaphysics with regard to the question common to Husserl, Deleuze and contemporary phenomenology: that of the crisis of humanity and its



solution. Its main thesis is that contemporary French phenomenology should make another – Deleuzian – step and develop its own version of the ethics of the event.

Janae Sholtz: Interrogating the Cartographies of New Materialist Feminism: The Linguistic Turn, the Posthuman and the Transcontinental Divide

Discussions of new materialism often begin by opposing its theoretical imperatives or interventions to traditional philosophical lineages. Particularly with its divergence from the linguistic turn and social constructionist frameworks, this manner of introduction has become something of a founding narrative. New materialist feminists, who call attention to the gendered nature of the elision and denigration of materiality, perform a similar injunction with respect to feminism itself. Thus, a pattern emerges from the foundational gestures of new materialism: a prevalent desire to produce a cartography, or several, of new materialism's relation to what it is not. These cartographies, as well as the use of cartography itself, introduce the contours of this intellectual movement. This presentation traces several of these cartographies beginning with the location of new materialism in relation to the linguistic and cultural turns, followed by the image of the feminist terrain from which new materialist feminists delineate themselves, I.e. the Transatlantic divide, and, finally, the relation between new materialism and Posthumanism. The interrogation of these liminal zones of interpretation, creation, fidelity, and transformation guides this project as a whole - not that we shouldn't creatively transform or utilize concepts, but that we also have to do justice to the specific sense of the concepts that we are appropriating and should be aware of what is lost when we lay claim to them or make appeals to them. It is with this spirit that I engage the cartographies of new materialism, keeping these questions in mind: "how do these cartographies carve up the terrain and carve out a territory?" and "what are the desires involved in carving out a territory in the first place?". Effectively, I am interested in assessing the costs and the consequences for feminism of meteoric rise of new materialism.

Anthony Faramelli: Institutional Cartographies: Analyzing the Social After Guattari and CERFI

Institutional analysis was the theoretically informed practice of *Le Centre d'études, de recherches et de formation institutionnelles* (CERFI). Active between 1967 and 1987, CERFI was founded by Félix Guattari and was made up of about twenty sociologists, urbanists, economists, psychologists, pedagogues and activists. They met every week and worked in general assemblies and small thematic groups. CERFI maintained their independence by acting as consultants working on contract, which allowed them to resist the tendency to become civil servants, academics, union party bureaucrats.

Starting with the position that the institution is the mechanism that produces sociality, institutional analysis was foundational in Deleuze and Guattari's collaborative thought and remains one of the most radical approaches to analysing the social. However, it nevertheless remains significantly underresearched. This talk will explore the theory and practice of institutional analysis, its influence on the collaborative thought of Deleuze and Guattari and its continued application.



Biographies

Prof. lan Buchanan lectures at University of Wollongong. His previous position was Professor of Critical and Cultural Theory at the Centre for Critical and Cultural Theory at Cardiff University. Ian Buchanan has published on a wide variety of subjects across a range of disciplines, including literary studies, cultural studies, communications studies and philosophy. He has published on film, literature, music, space, the internet and war as well a number of other subjects. He is the author of the Oxford Dictionary of Critical Theory and the founding editor of the international journal Deleuze Studies. He is also the editor of four book series: Deleuze Connections (EUP), Critical Connections, Plateaus (EUP) and Deleuze Encounters (Continuum). His publications include Michel de Certau: Cultural Theorist (SAGE Publications, 2000), Deleuze: A Metacommentary (Edinburgh University Press, 2000), Fredric Jameson: Live Theory (Continuum, 2006), Deleuze and Guattari's Anti-Oedipus (Continuum, 2008), Assemblage Theory and Method: An Introduction and Guide (Bloomsbury Academic, 2020), The Incomplete Project of Schizoanalysis: Collected Essays on Deleuze and Guattari (Edinburgh University Press, 2021).

Doc. Michaela Fišerová Ph.D. is a philosopher, lecturer at Metropolitan University in Prague. Her work is specialized in contemporary French Philosophy, mostly in deconstruction and poststructuralism. Her continuous research concerns philosophical aspects of the problematics of visual communication, visuality and image, mostly photography and signature. Her publications include *Fragmenární vidění*. Ranciere, Derrida, Nancy (Togga, 2019), Dekonstrukce podpisu. Jacques Derrida a opakování neopakovatelného (Togga, 2016), Obraz a moc. Rozhovory s francouzskými mysliteli (Karolinum 2015), Partager le visible. Repenser Foucault (L'Harmattan 2013). Michael Fišerová is also a co-author of Kyberfotografie. Neprůhledné médium a technologický realismus (Togga. 2019), Gilles Deleuze o literatuře: mezi uměním, animalitou a politikou (Togga, 2018), Vitalita smrti (Brkola 2018), How to Make our Signs Clear (Brill, 2017), Mediální smrt konsenzu (Togga, 2017), Dejiny sociálneho a politického myslenia (Kalligram, 2013), Rozum, nerozum a přesvědčivost obrazů (Togga, 2011), Du Printemps de Prague a la Chute du Mur de Berlin (Klincksieck, 2009).

Dr. Petr Prášek is a postdoc researcher at the Department of Contemporary Continental Philosophy of the Institute of Philosophy, Czech Academy of Sciences. In 2019, he received his Ph.D. in philosophy from the Université Paris 1, Panthéon-Sorbonne, France, and Charles University in Prague, Czech Republic (supervisors: prof. R. Barbaras, prof. M. Petříček). His Ph.D. thesis, *Le devenir-autre de l'existence. Essai sur la phénoménologie contemporaine*, was awarded the Bolzano Prize by the President of Charles University in 2020.

He published a Czech monograph on Gilles Deleuze's philosophy, Člověk v šíleném dění světa: Filosofie Gillesa Deleuze, and several articles on contemporary French phenomenology. All these texts deal with the analysis of the becoming-other of human existence. In his current project, Petr Prášek is extending his research and focusing on meta-ethical implications of the dynamic descriptions of existence: he attempts to apply the results of contemporary French phenomenology to actual problems such as ecological issues or fake news.



Dr. Janae Sholtz lectures at Alvernia University. She is the author of *The Invention of a People, Heidegger and Deleuze on Art and the Political* (Edinburgh Press, 2015), and the editor of *Deleuze and the Schizoanalysis of Feminism: Alliances and Allies* for Bloomsbury and a special journal edition entitled *Infinite Eros: Deleuze, Guattari, and Feminist Couplings*. Janae Sholtz has published research in the areas of continental philosophy, feminist theory, philosophy of art, and social and political philosophy. She has written articles for *Evental Aesthetics, Deleuze and Guattair Studies, Journal of Continental and Comparative Philosophy, phioSOPHIA* and is currently co-editing a book on Contemporary French Philosophy and Stoicism.

Dr Anthony Faramelli is a psychosocial researcher and practitioner. He is lecturer in Visual Cultures at Goldsmiths, University of London where he co-leads the BA in Fine Art and History of Art. Anthony also works as a mental health recovery programme consultant and reflective practice facilitator. He is a member of the Executive Board of the Association for Psychosocial Studies and is a founding member of the Network for Institutional Analysis.

Anthony Faramelli is the author of *Resistance, Revolution and Fascism: Zapatismo and Assemblage Politics* (Bloomsbury 2018) and an editor, with David Hancock and Rob White, of *Spaces of Crisis and Critique: Heterotopias Beyond Foucault* (Bloomsbury 2018). He is currently completing a monograph provisionally titled *The Mass Psychology of Fascism in the Age of Machines: Big Data, Surveillance and Control.*